Finger prints Galton's system;Dactylography;Dermatoglyphics

DACTYLOGRAPHY

Dactylos:finger Graphy:write

Design produced by ball of fingers: eidermal ridges[friction ridges] that is raised portion of the epidermis

- The most important, accurate and unfailing method
- Better than DNA profiling
- Not inherited

Absolute identification

- Pattern is absolutely individual
- Chances of matching sixteen characteristics in two individual are infinitely small

Why specific?

- Chances of matching almost rare: absolutely individual
- Since birth
- In epidermis and dermis
- Unchanged

advantages

- Applicable to all ages
- Decomposed body
- Drowning
- Burns
- Absolute
- No special training
- No expense
- Easy classification
- Record available
- storage
- Transmitted as coded or digitalised message
- Computerised automated fingerprint identification system [AFIS]

types

- Core:A ridge recurving on itself
- Delta:convergence of ridges from three direction

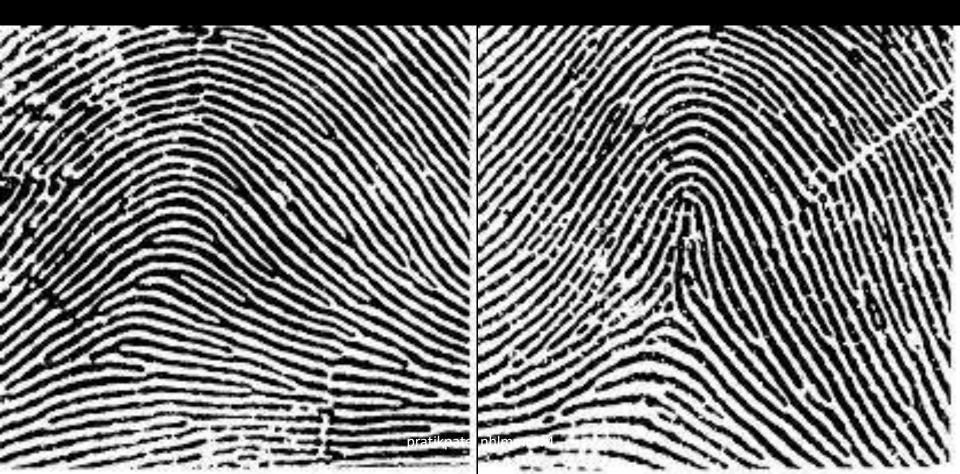




• Neither core or delta- an arch 7%



Plain or Tented arches 7%



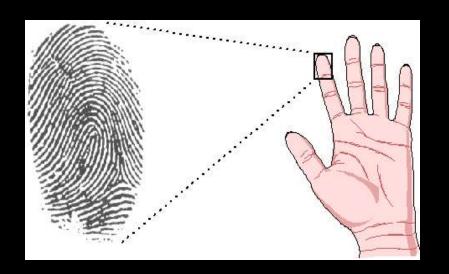
1 core and1 delta -> loop 67%

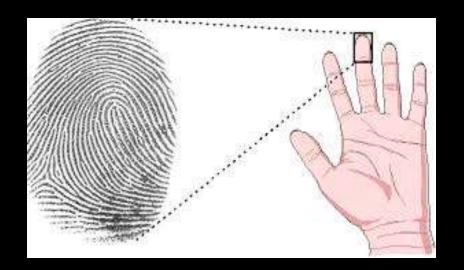


Radial loop and Ulnar loop

From radial side to back radial side

 From ulnar side to back ulnar side





Whorls

Whorls have at least one ridge that makes (or tends to make) a complete circuit. They also have at least two deltas.

Types

- •Plain whorls
- Central pocket whorls

1/1+core and
 2/2+ delta: → whorl
 25%



Composites...mixed pattern 1 %

Love Wife And Children: from most common to least common Loop Whorl Arch Composite

Latent print

- Due to oils and perspiration
- Not visible or barely visible
- Most common and poses the most problems
- Need to be developed

Plastic: 3 dimensional known as indented or molded prints

On malleable, soft & sticky

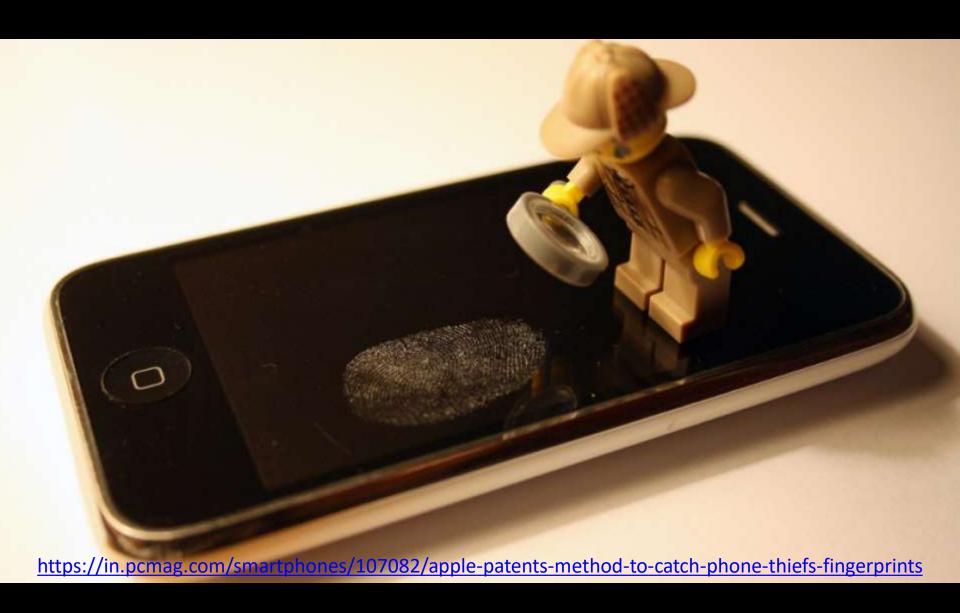


Patent prints known as contaminated prints

- Positive: by contaminated fingerprints
- Negative: finger print ridges remove surface







Methods

- Plain: press finger pad

 more clear but less area
- Rolled: move from one side to another side >
 less clear but more area

Take both

Study: ACE-V

- Analysis
- Comparison
- Evaluation
- Verification

Lifting of finger prints

- If on wall like immovable part
- Stick cello tap
- Then lift
- Mirror image is used

Development of FP

- Hard and non absorbent
 - Grey powder
 - Black powder
- Soft and absorbent
 - lodine vapour
 - Silver nitrate
 - Ninhydrin

Basic and composite ridge characteristics (minutiae)

Mhutae	Example	Mhutbe	Example
ridge ending		bridge	\boldsymbol{z}
bifurcation	\equiv	double bifurcation	F
dat	===	trifurcation	1
is land (short rid	ge)	opposed bifur cations	35
lake (enclosure	9	ridge crossing	\approx
hook (spur)	ornrintid woobly con	opposed bifur cation/ridge ending o/fingerprint-classification-s	vetom html